



The Potential Role, Mechanisms and Relevance of Pollutant-Induced Oxidative Stress in Preterm Birth

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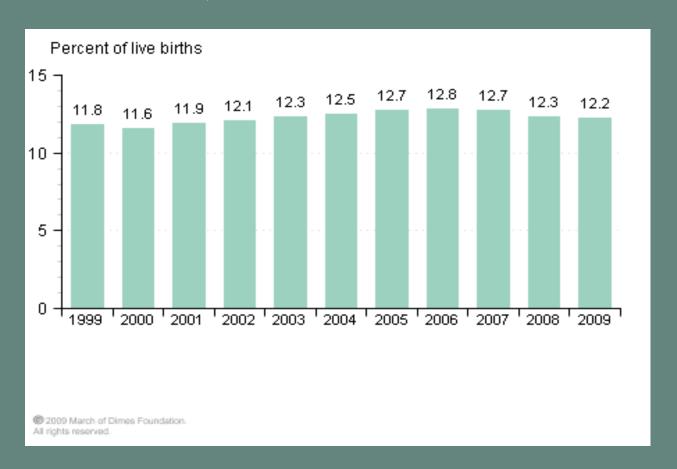


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Preterm birth

United States, 1999-2009



Preterm is less than 37 completed weeks gestation. Source: National Center for Health Statistics, final natality data. Retrieved August 2, 2012, from www.marchofdimes.com/peristats.



Preterm Birth Medical Consequences for Infant

- Leading factor in infant death
 - 19.7% of infant deaths
- Medical complications
 - Respiratory distress syndrome
 - Bleeding in the brain (intraventricular hemorrhage)
 - Nearly half of all congenital neurological defects (e.g., cerebral palsy)

- Chronic lung disease (bronchopulmonary dysplasia)
- Apnea
- Retinopathy of prematurity (can lead to blindness)
- Anemia
- Infections



Cost of Preterm Birth

United States, 2005

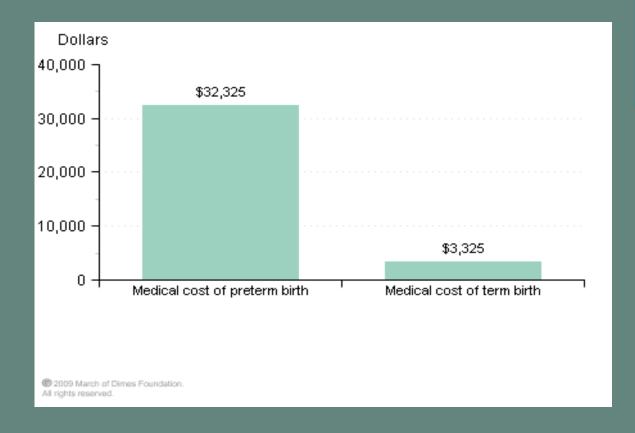




Photo by Tina Stallard. 2005 Visions of Science winner.

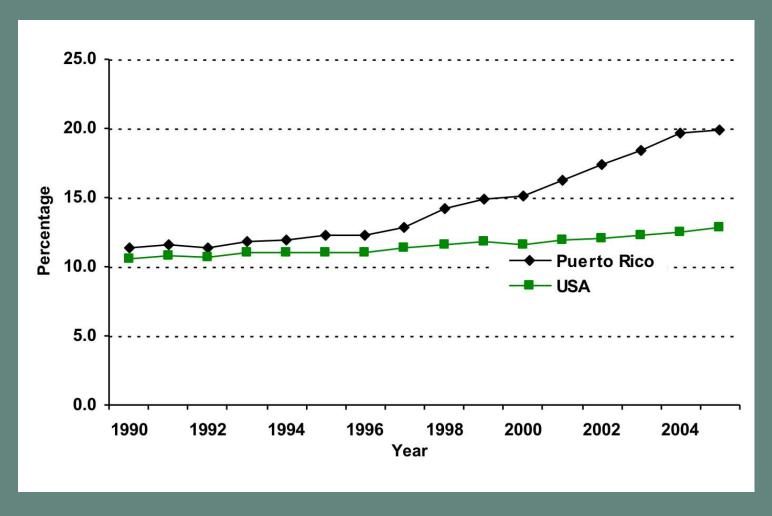
Preterm is less than 37 completed weeks gestation.

Source: Institute of Medicine. 2007. Preterm Birth: Causes, Consequences, and Prevention. National Academy Press, Washington, D.C. Published and unpublished analyses. Retrieved August 2, 2012, from www.marchofdimes.com/peristats.



Preterm Birth Rates in US & Puerto Rico

1990 - 2005

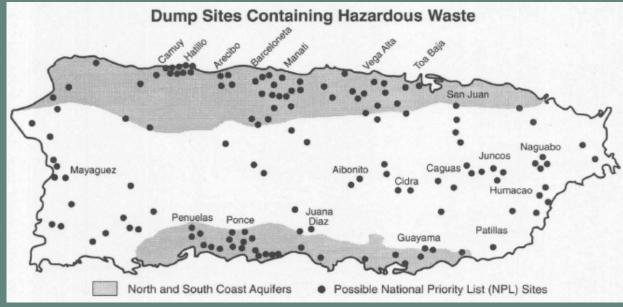






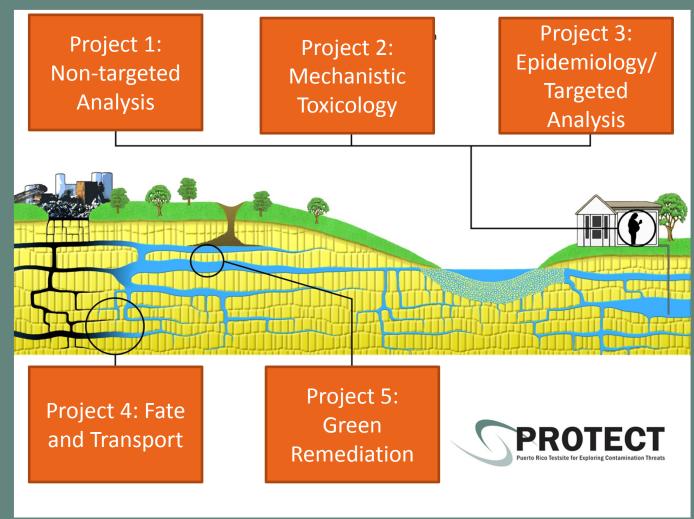






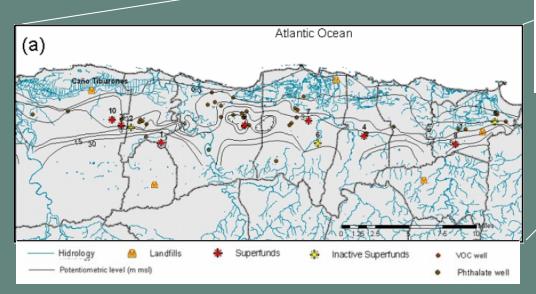


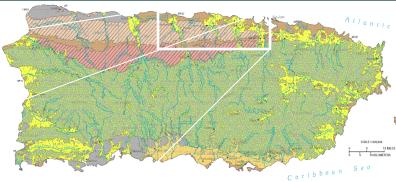
PROTECT CENTER





Phthalate Contamination in Puerto Rico







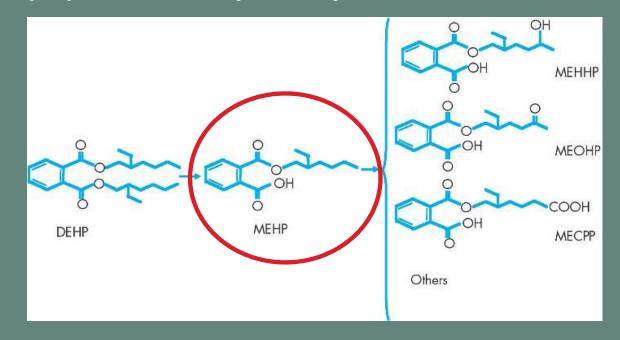
- CDC biomonitoring study of NHANES data detected phthalates in nearly all urine samples
- Because phthalates are rapidly excreted, this suggests that exposure to phthalate is a daily occurrence for most Americans





Mono-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (MEHP)

Mono-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (MEHP) is a biologically active metabolite of the plasticizer di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP)





Associations between Human Exposure to Phthalates & Birth Outcomes

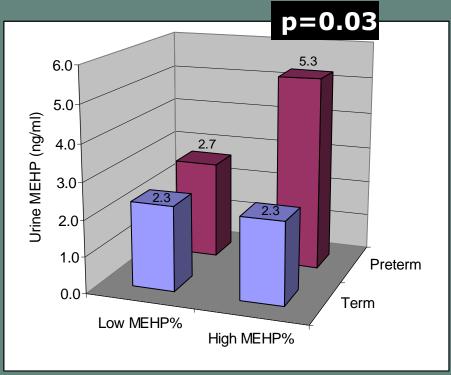
- Latini et al. 2003, *EHP* (n = 84)
 - The DEHP metabolite MEHP in cord blood was inversely and significantly associated with decreased gestation length
- Whyatt et al. 2009, *Pediatrics* (n = 311)
 - Urinary DEHP metabolites inversely associated with gestation length
 - Women with the highest MEHP quartile delivered 5 days earlier than lowest quartile
- Zhang et al. 2009, J Pediatr (n = 88 cases, 113 controls)
 - DEHP and DBP or metabolites in cord blood/meconium was associated with dose-dependent increased odds for low birth weight
- Wolff et al. 2008, *EHP* (n = 404)
 - Urinary MEHP associated with increased gestation length
- Adibi et al. 2009, Am J Epidemiol (n = 284)
 - DEHP metabolites associated with increased gestation length

Meeker JD, Ferguson KK. Phthalates: Human Exposure and Related Health Effects. In: Schecter A, Gasiewicz T, eds. <u>Dioxins and Persistent Organic Pollutants: Health and Toxicity</u>, 3rd Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken, NJ; In press.



DEHP Metabolite Ratiosand Preterm Birth

- MEHP% is the sum of DEHP/MEHP oxidative metabolites divided by MEHP
- Geometric mean MEHP urine concentrations in women delivering term or preterm stratified by MEHP% median



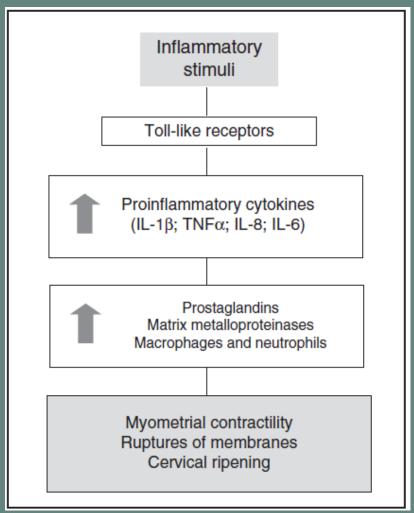
Meeker JD, et al. Urinary phthalate metabolites in relation to preterm birth in Mexico City. Environ Health Perspect,, 117:1587-2, 2009.

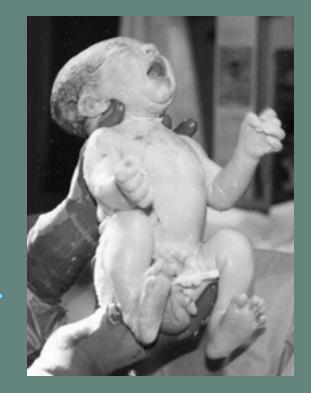






Popular Model of Parturition Activation

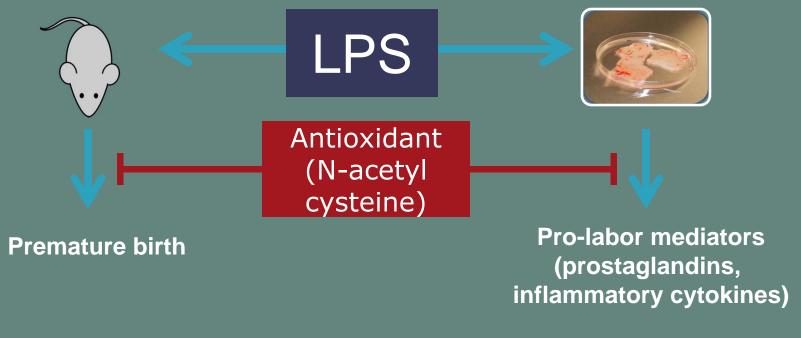




Challis, JR et al., Reprod Sci 16, 206-215, 2009



Role of Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS) in Parturition

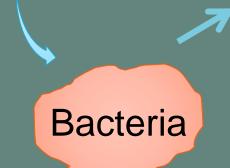


Buhimschi et al, 2002

Lappas et al, 2003

Toxicant Activation of Parturition

Toxicants



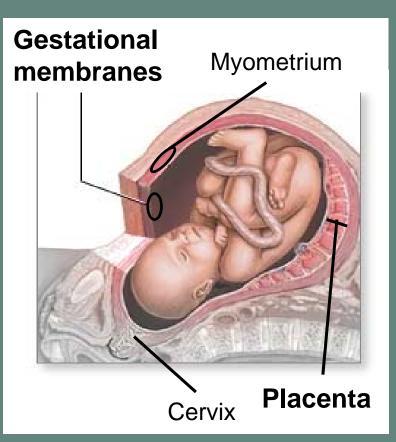
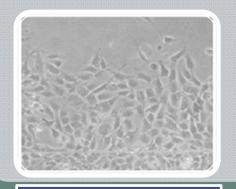


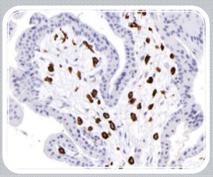
Diagram adapted from A.D.A.M Interactive Anatomy 2009.

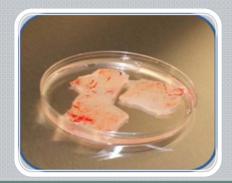
Toxicants



In Vitro Models









HTR-8/Svneo cells

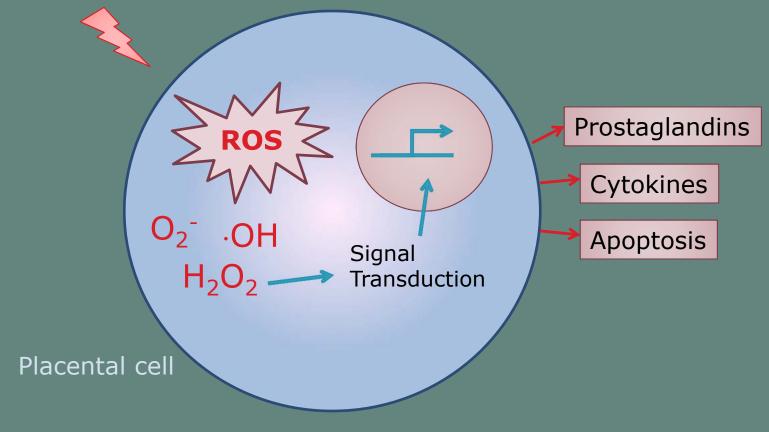
Primary placental macrophages

Gestational membrane tissue explants

Gestational membranes mounted on Transwell inserts

Hypothesis

tert-Butylhydroperoxide (TBHP) – Model pro-oxidant
 Mono-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (MEHP) – Phthalate metabolite
 S-(1,2)-Dichlorovinyl-L-cysteine (DCVC) – Trichloroethylene metabolite





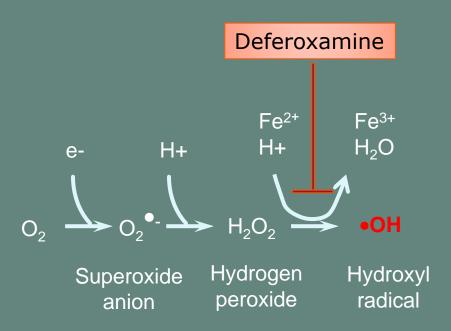


A 1-h exposure to MEHP stimulated cellular production of reactive species in HTR-8 cells as measured by dichlorofluorescein (DCF) assay

Manuscript under review



Deferoxamine Inhibits MEHP-Stimulated Generation of ROS in HTR-8 cells as measured by dichlorofluorescein (DCF) fluorescence



Manuscript under review



Oxidative DNA Adducts

Mass tag profiling allows improved detection of DNA adducts from oxidative stress

Thymine

Hydroxy thymine



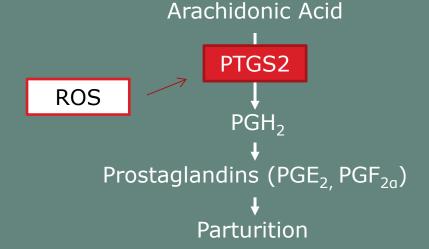
A 24-h exposure to 90 or 180 μ M MEHP increased oxidative damage to DNA of HTR-8 cells as measured by mass tag profiling for detection of hydroxylated thymine

Manuscript under review



MEHP stimulated PTGS2 mRNA Expression in HTR-8 cells after 4 and 8 h of exposure

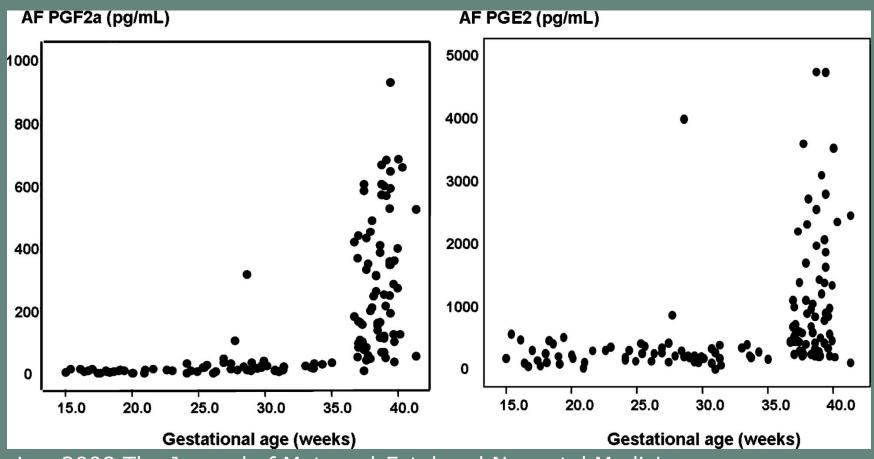
Manuscript under review



Increased gestational tissue PTGS2 expression is critical for induction of parturition

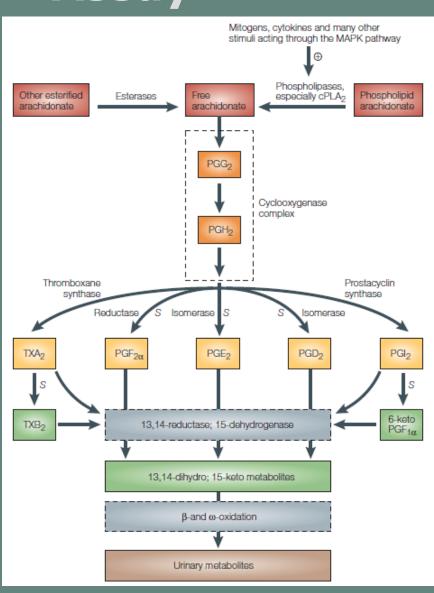


Increased PGF2a and PGE2 in Amniotic Fluid with Gestational Age



Lee 2008 The Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine,

Prostaglandin Screening Assay



Prostaglandin E1

Prostaglandin E2

Prostaglandin F1a

Prostaglandin F2a

Prostaglandin F3a

Prostaglandin E2 Ethanolamide

6-keto Prostaglandin F1a

8-iso Prostaglandin F2a

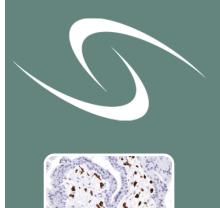
8-iso Prostaglandin E2

Prostaglandin D2

8-iso-2,3-dinor Prostaglandin F1a

Prostaglandin E3

Thromboxane B2

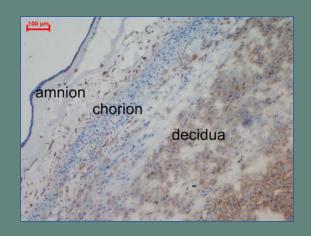


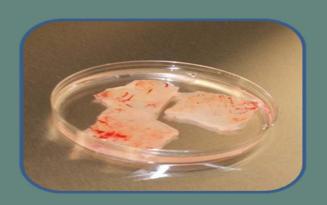
Primary placental macrophages secrete increased amounts of total prostaglandins after a 24-h exposure to 180 µM MEHP

Manuscript under review



Human Gestational Membrane Explant Model





- Gestational tissue collected from normal, term, not in labor, cesarean deliveries
- 12-mm disks punched from tissue and floated in medium
- Incubated overnight, then treated with MEHP for 24 h





Explants of Gestational Membranes secrete increased amounts of total prostaglandins after a 24- h exposure to 180 µM MEHP

Manuscript under review



Oxidative Stress and Inflammation in US Population

- Used the NHANES databases
 - Publicly available data collected by CDC
 - Exploratory analyses of phthalate metabolite associations with potential response biomarkers
- Putative biomarkers of oxidative stress
 - NHANES 1999-2006 database
 - Bilirubin (a potent antioxidant), inverse association
 - Gamma glutamyltransferase (GGT)

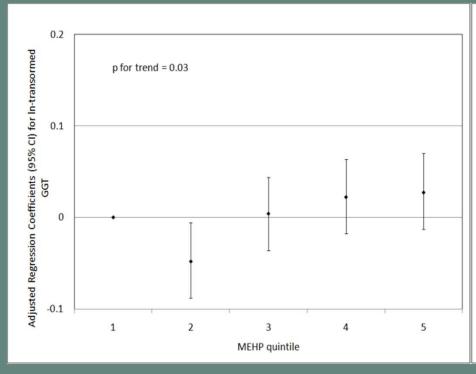


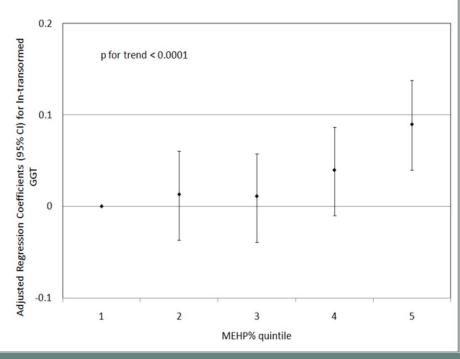
Oxidative Stress and Inflammation

- Putative biomarkers of inflammation (positive associations)
 - NHANES 1999-2006 database
 - C-reactive protein (CRP)
 - Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
 - Absolute neutrophil count (ANC)
 - Ferritin
 - Fibrinogen



NHANES (1999-2006) Analysis





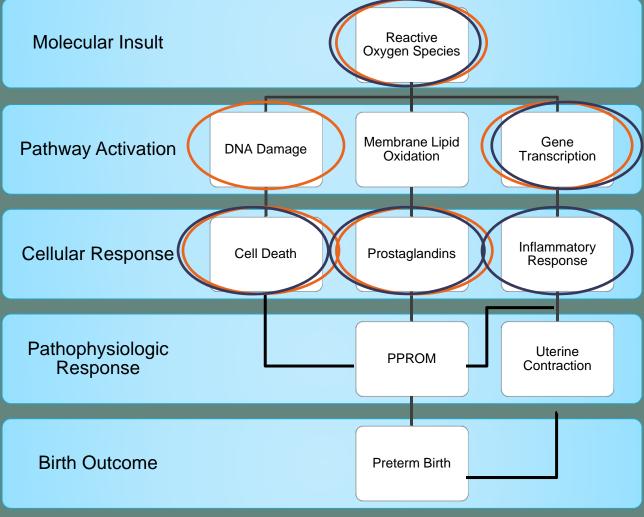
Adjusted Regression coefficients (95% confidence intervals) for change in GGT associated with urinary phthalate metabolite quintiles. Adjusted for age, sex, race and ethnicity, serum cotinine, income, BMI, and urinary creatinine

Ferguson KK, Loch-Caruso R, Meeker JD. Urinary phthalate metabolites in relation to biomarkers of inflammation and oxidative stress: NHANES 1999-2006. *Environ Res*; 111(5):718-26, 2011.

Hypothesis Model

MEHP

TBHP

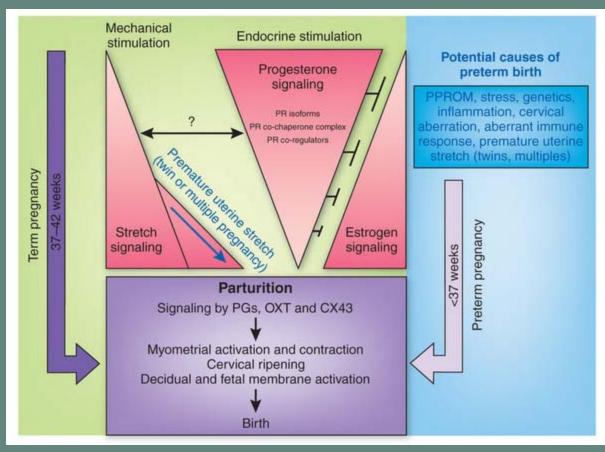


PPROM: Premature preterm rupture of membranes

www.neu.edu/protect

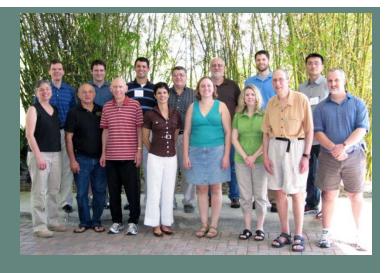


A More Comprehensive Model: The Prematurity Puzzle



Hirota, Y et al. Nature Medicine 16, 529-531 (2010)





- Phthalates may have a role in preterm birth
- Experimental and human observational data support oxidative stress as a potential mechanistic link
 - May have relevance for other environmental contaminants and human health effects
- Multidisciplinarity is needed to address complex environmental health challenges
 - NIEHS Superfund Research Program Centers facilitate these partnerships